

P-24

## ON FLUORINATION WITH OXYGEN DIFLUORIDE

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The use of  $\text{OF}_2$  as fluorinating agent was described first by Ruff and Merritt [1,2]. We have tried to use this fluoride as a selektive agent and started our investigations with hex(1)-ene (1) and cyclohexene (2).  $\text{OF}_2$  was prepared by electrofluorination of water ( $\text{HF}$  with 3-5%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , 8V,  $5\text{mA}\cdot\text{cm}^{-2}$ , nickelelectrodes, 45%  $\text{OF}_2$  in the anode gas).

The reaction of (1), dissolved in R 11 ( $-78^\circ\text{C}$ ), and  $\text{OF}_2$  gives 2-fluorhexanol and hexan(2)-one. The attack of  $\text{OF}_2$  leads to the break of C-C-bonds too, and polymer products were obtained. An addition of alkali metal carbonates to the mixture reduces polymerisation. The same results were achieved with (2) under equal conditions. In this case we found 2-fluorocyclohexanol and 2-fluorocyclohexanone. The pure alkenes explode with  $\text{OF}_2$  at about  $-10^\circ\text{C}$ . But in a gas phase reaction ( $20^\circ\text{C}$ , dilution with  $\text{N}_2$ ) we indentified (GC, IR, MS) the same products as described above. In comparison with this, the fluorination of (1) and (2) with  $\text{F}_2$  ( $-78^\circ\text{C}$ , R 11) does not only give the expected addition, but substitution products, too.

The fluorination of heterocyclic compounds with  $\text{OF}_2$  is also possible, e.g. from 6-azauracil 5-fluor-6-azauracil is obtained [3].

- 1 R. F. Merritt and J. K. Ruff J. Org. Chem. 30 328 (1965)
- 2 J. K. Ruff and R. F. Merritt J. Org. Chem. 30 3968 (1965)
- 3 J. König, M. Schönherr, P. Wolter, M. Wünsche and D. Cech Z. Chem. 24 253 (1984)